(2) The results of the evaluation are used by the child's IEP team in meeting the requirements of §§ 300.340-300.350

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1414(a), (b), and (c))

# § 300.321 Reevaluations.

 $\begin{array}{lll} Each & public & agency & shall & ensure \\ that & & & \end{array}$ 

- (a) A reevaluation of each child with a disability is conducted in accordance with §300.536; and
- (b) The results of any reevaluations are addressed by the child's IEP team under §§ 300.340–300.349 in reviewing and, as appropriate, revising the child's IEP

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(2))

## §§ 300.322-300.324 [Reserved]

INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS

# § 300.340 Definitions related to IEPs.

- (a) Individualized education program. As used in this part, the term individualized education program or IEP means a written statement for a child with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in a meeting in accordance with §§ 300.341–300.350.
- (b) Participating agency. As used in §300.348, participating agency means a State or local agency, other than the public agency responsible for a student's education, that is financially and legally responsible for providing transition services to the student.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(11), 1412(a)(10)(B))

# § 300.341 Responsibility of SEA and other public agencies for IEPs.

- (a) The SEA shall ensure that each public agency—
- (1) Except as provided in §§ 300.450-300.462, develops and implements an IEP for each child with a disability served by that agency; and
- (2) Ensures that an IEP is developed and implemented for each eligible child placed in or referred to a private school or facility by the public agency.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section applies to—
- (1) The SEA, if it is involved in providing direct services to children with disabilities, in accordance with §300.370(a) and (b)(1); and

(2) Except as provided in §300.600(d), the other public agencies described in §300.2, including LEAs and other State agencies that provide special education and related services either directly, by contract, or through other arrangements.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4), (a)(10)(B))

#### § 300.342 When IEPs must be in effect.

- (a) *General.* At the beginning of each school year, each public agency shall have an IEP in effect for each child with a disability within its jurisdiction.
- (b) *Implementation of IEPs.* Each public agency shall ensure that—
  - (1) An IEP-
- (i) Is in effect before special education and related services are provided to an eligible child under this part; and
- (ii) Is implemented as soon as possible following the meetings described under §300.343;
- (2) The child's IEP is accessible to each regular education teacher, special education teacher, related service provider, and other service provider who is responsible for its implementation; and
- (3) Each teacher and provider described in paragraph (b)(2) of this section is informed of—
- (i) His or her specific responsibilities related to implementing the child's IEP; and
- (ii) The specific accommodations, modifications, and supports that must be provided for the child in accordance with the IEP.
- (c) IEP or IFSP for children aged 3 through 5. (1) In the case of a child with a disability aged 3 through 5 (or, at the discretion of the SEA a 2-year-old child with a disability who will turn age 3 during the school year), an IFSP that contains the material described in section 636 of the Act, and that is developed in accordance with §§ 300.341–300.346 and §§ 300.349–300.350, may serve as the IEP of the child if using that plan as the IEP is—
- (i) Consistent with State policy; and (ii) Agreed to by the agency and the child's parents.
- (2) In implementing the requirements of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the public agency shall—

## § 300.343

- (i) Provide to the child's parents a detailed explanation of the differences between an IFSP and an IEP; and
- (ii) If the parents choose an IFSP, obtain written informed consent from the parents.
- (d) Effective date for new requirements. All IEPs developed, reviewed, or revised on or after July 1, 1998 must meet the requirements of §§ 300.340–300.350.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(A) and (B), Pub. L. 105-17, sec. 201(a)(2)(A), (C)

# § 300.343 IEP meetings.

- (a) *General.* Each public agency is responsible for initiating and conducting meetings for the purpose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child with a disability (or, if consistent with §300.342(c), an IFSP).
- (b) *Initial IEPs; provision of services.*(1) Each public agency shall ensure that within a reasonable period of time following the agency's receipt of parent consent to an initial evaluation of a child—
  - (i) The child is evaluated; and
- (ii) If determined eligible under this part, special education and related services are made available to the child in accordance with an IEP.
- (2) In meeting the requirement in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, a meeting to develop an IEP for the child must be conducted within 30-days of a determination that the child needs special education and related services
- (c) Review and revision of IEPs. Each public agency shall ensure that the IEP team—
- (1) Reviews the child's IEP periodically, but not less than annually, to determine whether the annual goals for the child are being achieved; and
- (2) Revises the IEP as appropriate to address—
- (i) Any lack of expected progress toward the annual goals described in §300.347(a), and in the general curriculum, if appropriate;
- (ii) The results of any reevaluation conducted under § 300.536;
- (iii) Information about the child provided to, or by, the parents, as described in §300.533(a)(1);
  - (iv) The child's anticipated needs; or

(v) Other matters.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(1), 1414(d)(4)(A)

#### §300.344 IEP team.

- (a) *General.* The public agency shall ensure that the IEP team for each child with a disability includes—
  - (1) The parents of the child;
- (2) At least one regular education teacher of the child (if the child is, or may be, participating in the regular education environment);
- (3) At least one special education teacher of the child, or if appropriate, at least one special education provider of the child;
- (4) A representative of the public agency who—  $\,$
- (i) Is qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of children with disabilities;
- (ii) Is knowledgeable about the general curriculum; and
- (iii) Is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the public agency;
- (5) An individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, who may be a member of the team described in paragraphs (a)(2) through (6) of this section;
- (6) At the discretion of the parent or the agency, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the child, including related services personnel as appropriate; and
  - (7) If appropriate, the child.
- (b) Transition services participants. (1) Under paragraph (a)(7) of this section, the public agency shall invite a student with a disability of any age to attend his or her IEP meeting if a purpose of the meeting will be the consideration of—
- (i) The student's transition services needs under § 300.347(b)(1);
- (ii) The needed transition services for the student under §300.347(b)(2); or
  - (iii) Both.
- (2) If the student does not attend the IEP meeting, the public agency shall take other steps to ensure that the student's preferences and interests are considered.
- (3)(i) In implementing the requirements of §300.347(b)(2), the public agency also shall invite a representative of any other agency that is likely to be responsible for providing or paying for transition services.